

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI  
EASTERN DIVISION**

AMANDA F.,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Case No. 4:23-cv-01261-JSD
	)	
MARTIN O'MALLEY,	)	
Commissioner of Social Security,	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**

This matter is before the Court on Plaintiff Amanda Fears' ("Plaintiff") Application for Award of Fees Pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA) ("Application") [ECF No. 28]. For the reasons stated below, the Court grants the Application.

**I. Factual and Procedural Background**

Plaintiff filed this action, pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g), for judicial review of the final decision of Defendant Martin O'Malley ("Defendant"), Commissioner of Social Security, denying Plaintiff's application for Disability Insurance Benefits under the Social Security Act. [ECF No. 1]. On August 16, 2024, Defendant filed a Motion to Reverse and Remand with Suggestions in Support [ECF No. 25], requesting that this Court reverse the decision of the Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") and remand this action to the Defendant pursuant to sentence four of § 205(g), 42 U.S.C. § 405(g). The same day, this Court granted Defendant's Motion to Reverse and Remand [ECF No. 26].

Plaintiff filed the instant Application and supporting memorandum on November 6, 2024, requesting \$6,355.77 in attorneys fees [ECF Nos. 28, 29]. On November 12, 2024, Defendant filed

a Response to Plaintiff's Application [ECF No. 30], stating that Defendant had no objection to Plaintiff's request for attorney fees under the EAJA in the amount requested.

## **II. Standard of Review**

Under the EAJA, “[a] court shall award to a prevailing party. . . fees and other expenses . . . incurred by that party in any civil action (other than cases sounding in tort), including proceedings for judicial review of agency action, brought by or against the United States in any court having jurisdiction of that action, unless the court finds that the position of the United States was substantially justified or that special circumstances make an award unjust.” 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A).

In that context, a party seeking an award of fees and other expenses must (1) submit to the court an application for fees and other expenses which shows that the party is a prevailing party and eligible to receive an award; (2) provide the amount sought, including an itemized statement from any attorney or expert witness representing or appearing on behalf of the party stating the actual time expended and the rate at which fees and other expenses were computed; (3) allege that the position of the United States was not substantially justified; and (4) make the application within thirty days of final judgment of the action. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(B). The determination of whether the position of the United States was substantially justified shall be determined on the basis of the record made in the action for which the fees are sought. *Id.* Also, “[i]n sentence four [remand] cases, the filing period begins after the final judgment (“affirming, modifying, or reversing”) is entered by the Court and the appeal period has run so that the judgment is no longer appealable.” *Melkonyan v. Sullivan*, 501 U.S. 89, 102 (1991) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(G) (“Final judgment” means a judgment that is final and not appealable.”)). Moreover, “[it] is well-settled that in order to be a prevailing party for EAJA purposes, plaintiff must have received some,

but not necessarily all, of the benefits originally sought in his action.” *Stanfield v. Apfel*, 985 F.Supp. 927, 929 (E.D. Mo. 1997) (citing *Swedberg v. Bowen*, 804 F.2d 432, 434 (8th Cir.1986)). Obtaining a sentence four judgment reversing the Secretary’s denial of benefits is sufficient to confer prevailing party status. *Shalala v. Schaefer*, 509 U.S. 292, 302 (1993).

### **III. Discussion**

Here, the Court finds that Plaintiff has demonstrated that an award of attorney’s fees under the EAJA is appropriate. First, Plaintiff is a prevailing party in this action because this Court granted Defendant’s Motion to Reverse and Remand. [ECF Nos. 25, 26]. Second, Plaintiff’s application for attorney’s fees is reasonable. To be sure, she requests attorney’s fees in the amount of \$6,355.77 at an hourly rate of \$247.10 for work performed in September 2023, \$247.01 for work performed in October 2023, \$246.51 for work performed in November 2023, \$249.14 for work performed in February 2024, \$252.52 for work performed in July 2024, \$252.73 for work performed in August 2024, and \$252.13 for work performed in November 2024. As support, she includes an itemized statement from her attorney stating the actual time expended and the rate at which the attorney’s fees were computed. [ECF No. 29-1].

Remarkably, the EAJA sets a statutory limit on the amount of fees awarded to counsel at \$125.00 per hour, “unless the court determines that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified attorneys for the proceedings involved, justifies a higher fee.” 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii). “In determining a reasonable attorney’s fee, the court will in each case consider the following factors: time and labor required; the difficulty of questions involved; the skill required to handle the problems presented; the attorney’s experience, ability, and reputation; the benefits resulting to the client from the services; the customary fee for similar services; the contingency or certainty of compensation; the results obtained; and the

amount involved.” *Richardson-Ward v. Astrue*, 2009 WL1616701, No. 4:07-CV-1301 JCH at \*1 (E.D. Mo. June 9, 2009). “The decision to increase the hourly rate is at the discretion of the district court.” *Id.* at \*2.

Plaintiff’s counsel noted that Congress amended the EAJA and changed the statutory rate to \$125.00 for all civil actions filed on or after March 29, 1996, subject to adjustment for cost of living and/or “limited availability of qualified attorneys for the proceedings involved.” 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii) (as amended by Pub. L. 104-121, § 232(b)(1)). [ECF No. 29 at 3] Notably, Defendant does not contest the hourly rate, the total fee request, nor the number of hours itemized in the invoice. Upon consideration of these facts, the Court finds that the hourly rate, number of hours expended, and a total fee award of \$6,355.77 is reasonable. More to it, Plaintiff’s application for fees was timely filed. Therefore, the Court will award Plaintiff \$6,355.77 in attorney’s fees.

Additionally, Plaintiff has submitted an affidavit assigning any award she may receive under the EAJA to his counsel of record. [ECF No. 16-3]. However, the EAJA requires that the attorney’s fee award be awarded to the prevailing party, in this case the Plaintiff, not the Plaintiff’s attorney. *Astrue v. Ratcliff*, 560 U.S. 586, 591 (2010) (the term “prevailing party” in fee statutes is a “term of art” that refers to the prevailing litigant (citing 42 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A))). Moreover, awards of attorney’s fees to the prevailing party under the EAJA are “subject to a [g]overnment offset to satisfy a pre-existing debt that the litigant owes the United States,” *Ratcliff*, 560 U.S. at 589, even if the Plaintiff has assigned her right to the award to her attorney. Therefore, the Court will direct the Commissioner to make Plaintiff’s attorney’s fee award payable to Plaintiff as directed below, subject to any pre-existing debt Plaintiff owes to the United States.

#### **IV. Conclusion**

Based on the foregoing, the Court will award Plaintiff attorney's fees in the amount of \$6,355.77.

Accordingly,

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Plaintiff's Application for Award of Fees Pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act [ECF No. 28] is **GRANTED**.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the Social Security Administration shall remit and make payable to Plaintiff Amanda Fears attorney's fees in the amount of \$6,355.77, subject to any pre-existing debt that Plaintiff owes the United States. The check should be mailed to Plaintiff's counsel Jennifer M. Van Fossan, Dennis W. Fox & Associates, 211 N. Broadway, Ste. 2400, St. Louis, MO 63102.

Dated this 23rd day of December, 2024.

  
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**JOSEPH S. DUEKER**  
**UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**